Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04) Auditing Procedures Report

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended.	eport				
Local Government Type City Township Village Ot	Local Government Name		County		
Audit Date Opinion Date	Date Accountant	Report Submitted to State:			
We have audited the financial statements of accordance with the Statements of the Grandial Statements for Counties and Local	overnmental Accounting Standar	ds Board (GASB) and the	Uniform Reporting Format fo		
We affirm that:					
We have complied with the Bulletin for to	ne Audits of Local Units of Govern	ment in Michigan as revised			
We are certified public accountants regis	stered to practice in Michigan.				
We further affirm the following. "Yes" respon comments and recommendations	ses have been disclosed in the fir	nancial statements, including	the notes, or in the report of		
You must check the applicable box for each i	tem below.				
Yes No 1. Certain component	units/funds/agencies of the local ι	unit are excluded from the fin	ancial statements.		
Yes No 2. There are accumula 275 of 1980).	ated deficits in one or more of th	is unit's unreserved fund ba	alances/retained earnings (P.A.		
Yes No 3. There are instance amended).	s of non-compliance with the Ur	niform Accounting and Budo	geting Act (P.A. 2 of 1968, as		
<u> </u>	violated the conditions of either order issued under the Emergence		Municipal Finance Act or its		
<u> </u>	s deposits/investments which do 29.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as am		equirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943,		
Yes No 6. The local unit has b	een delinquent in distributing tax r	evenues that were collected	for another taxing unit.		
Yes No 7. pension benefits (n	violated the Constitutional requirormal costs) in the current year. In the normal cost requirement, no	If the plan is more than 100	0% funded and the overfunding		
Yes No 8. The local unit uses (MCL 129.241).	credit cards and has not adopt	red an applicable policy as	required by P.A. 266 of 1995		
Yes No 9. The local unit has n	ot adopted an investment policy a	s required by P.A. 196 of 199	97 (MCL 129.95).		
We have enclosed the following:		Enclosed	To Be Not Forwarded Required		
The letter of comments and recommendation	ns.				
Reports on individual federal financial assist	ance programs (program audits).				
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).					
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)					
Street Address	City	St	ate ZIP Code		
Accountant Signature Signature Signature	P. c .	Da	ate		

Village of Casnovia Kent and Muskegon Counties, Michigan FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Village Council
Village of Casnovia, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Casnovia, Michigan, as of June 30, 2005, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the Village of Casnovia, Michigan's basic financial statements, as listed in the contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village of Casnovia, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Casnovia, Michigan, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As described in Note 9, the Village has corrected its method of financial presentation to conform to the financial reporting model required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments.

The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Village of Casnovia, Michigan, has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

Sigfied Consell P.C.

October 11, 2005





Village of Casnovia STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2005

ASSETS	Governmen activities		Totals
Current assets: Cash	\$ 103,3	332 \$ 34,003	\$ 137,335
Receivables, net	16,9		18,839
Total current assets	120,2	296 35,878	156,174
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net of depreciation	253,1	65 42,218	295,383
Total assets	373,4	78,096	451,557
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:			
Payables	13,1		13,129
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets	253,1	65 42,218	295,383
Restricted for public safety	25,6	- 63	25,663
Unrestricted	81,5	35,878	117,382
Total net assets	\$ 360,3	32 \$ 78,096	\$ 438,428

Year ended June 30, 2005

			Program revenues				
Functions/Programs	Charges f Expenses services		_	gra	erating ints and iributions		
Governmental activities:			,				
Legislative	\$	11,097	\$	-	\$	-	
General government		53,747		-		-	
Public safety		10,927		2,977		-	
Public works		48,303				36,576	
Total governmental activities		124,074		2,977		36,576	
Business-type activities:							
Sewer		11,888		16,489			
Totals	\$	135,962	\$	19,466	\$	36,576	

General revenues:

Property taxes State shared revenue Unrestricted interest income Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

Net (expenses) revenues and changes in net assets

	Rovernmental E activities		Business-type activities		Totals
\$	(11,097)	\$	-	\$	(11,097)
•	(53,747)	•	_	•	(53,747)
	(7,950)		_		(7,950)
	(11,727)				(11,727)
	(84,521)		-		(84,521)
			4,601		4,601
	(84,521)		4,601		(79,920)
	48,132		_		48,132
	28,754		_		28,754
	3,283		124		3,407
	2,129				2,129
	82,298		124		82,422
	(2,223)		4,725		2,502
	362,555		73,371		435,926
\$	360,332	\$	78,096	\$	438,428

	Major funds							Total
	_	General		Major Street	-	.ocal Street	_	ernmental funds
ASSETS Cash Receivables, net	\$	46,291 11,058	\$	30,042 5,158	\$	3,587 748	\$	79,920 16,964
Total assets	\$	57,349	\$	35,200	<u>\$</u>	4,335	<u>\$</u>	96,884
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Payables Due to other funds	\$	6,882	\$ 	4,997 6,100	\$ —	1,250 1,525	\$ 	13,129 7,625
Total liabilities		6,882		11,097		2,775		20,754
Fund balances: Unreserved, undesignated	_	50,467		24,103		1,560		76,130
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	57,349	<u>\$</u>	35,200	<u>\$</u>	4,335	<u>\$</u>	96,884
Fund balances - total governmental funds							\$	76,130
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (page 5) are different because:								
Capital assets used in governmental activitie and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		e not fina	ncia	l resource	S			247,400
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of equipment management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities								
of the internal service fund are included in go the statement of net assets.	overi	nmentai a	CUVII	ties in				36,802
Net assets of governmental activities							<u>\$</u>	360,332

Village of Casnovia STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - governmental funds

	Major funds					Total		
	-	Seneral		Major Street		Local Street	_	ernmental funds
REVENUES			_		-			
Property taxes	\$	48,132	\$	_	\$	_	\$	48,132
Licenses and permits	•	2,977	Ψ	_	•	_	*	2,977
State grants		28,754		32,035		4,541		65,330
Interest and rentals		3,104		62		11		3,177
Other		2,129		-				2,129
Total revenues	_	85,096	_	32,097	_	4,552		121,745
EXPENDITURES								
Legislative		11,097		-		-		11,097
General government		47,088		-		-		47,088
Public safety		10,927		-		-		10,927
Public works	_	16,219		26,977	_	7,099		50,295
Total expenditures		85,331	_	26,977		7,099		119,407
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(235)		5,120		(2,547)		2,338
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		50,702	_	18,983		4,107		73,792
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	50,467	\$	24,103	<u>\$</u>	1,560	\$	76,130
Net change in fund balances - total governmental fun	ds						\$	2,338
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the sare different because:	tate	ment of ac	ti∨it	ies (page	6)			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expend activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over depreciation expense.						t of		
Deduct: provision for depreciation								(6,864)
The net revenues of the internal service fund are repo	ortec	d with gove	ernn	nental acti	vities	3.		2,303
Change in net assets of governmental activities							\$	(2,223)

Village of Casnovia STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - proprietary funds

June 30, 2005

	ac _Ent	ness-type tivities terprise	Government activities Internal service		
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash	\$	34,003	\$	23,412	
Receivables, net		1,875		-	
Due from other funds				7,625	
Total current assets		35,878		31,037	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets, net of depreciation		42,218		5,765	
Total assets		78,096		36,802	
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets		42,218		5,765	
Unrestricted		35,878		31,037	
Total net assets	\$	78,096	<u>\$</u>	36,802	

OPERATING REVENUES	Business-type activities Enterprise Sewer			rnmental tivities ternal ervice
Charges for services:				
Sewer charges	\$	16,489	\$	-
Equipment rentals				12,323
Total operating revenues		16,489		12,323
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personal services		2,925		2,350
Contractual services		2,463		-
Supplies		92		2,344
Utilities Repair and maintenance		366		3,533
Miscellaneous		200		3,333
Depreciation		5,842		1,520
Total operating expenses		11,888		10,126
OPERATING INCOME		4,601		2,197
NONOPERATING REVENUE Interest income		124		106
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		4,725		2,303
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING		73,371		34,499
NET ASSETS - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	78,096	\$	36,802

Village of Casnovia STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - proprietary funds

	ac En	ness-type tivities terprise Sewer	Governmental <u>activities</u> Internal service			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	15,772 - (3,121) (2,925)	\$	10,260 (6,256) (2,350)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		9,726		1,654		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received		124		106		
NET INCREASE IN CASH		9,850		1,760		
CASH - BEGINNING		24,153		21,651		
CASH - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	34,003	<u>\$</u>	23,411		
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation Increase in receivables Increase in due from other funds	\$	4,601 5,842 (717)	\$	2,197 1,520 (2,063)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	9,726	\$	1,654		

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The accounting policies of the Village of Casnovia, Michigan (the Village), conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

a) Reporting entity:

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, these financial statements present the Village. The criteria established by GASB for determining the reporting entity includes oversight responsibility, fiscal dependency, and whether the financial statements would be misleading if data were not included. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities for which the Village exercises oversight responsibility.

b) Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued): Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

State grants, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Village, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes and state shared revenue.

The Major Street Fund accounts for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenues that are restricted for expenditures related to maintaining and improving the Village's major streets.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the Village's sewer system.

Additionally, the Village reports an internal service fund that accounts for equipment management services provided to other departments of the Village on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Village has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector standards.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

- c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued): Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the proprietary fund is charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.
- d) Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity:
 - i) Bank deposits Cash is considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.
 - ii) Receivables Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded as the Village considers all receivables to be fully collectible.
 - iii) Capital assets Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Governments can elect to account for infrastructure assets either retroactively to June 15, 1980, or prospectively. The Village has elected to account for infrastructure assets prospectively, beginning July 1, 2003.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	20 - 40 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 years
Sewer systems	10 - 40 years

iv) Fund equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

Budgetary information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the Village's general and special revenue funds. The budget document presents information by fund, function, and department. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the activity level. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTE 3 - CASH:

At June 30, 2005, cash is classified in the accompanying statement of net assets as follows:

Statement of net assets: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 103,332 34,003
Total cash	\$ 137,335

At June 30, 2005, cash consists entirely of deposits with a single financial institution.

Deposits with financial institutions - State statutes and the Village's investment policy authorize the Village to make deposits in the accounts of federally-insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have an office in Michigan. The Village's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the Village will not be able to recover its deposits. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and are uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2005, \$18,410 of the Village's bank balances of \$142,434 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES:

At June 30, 2005, the Village's receivables are as follows:

Governmental activities:	_Ac	counts		Inter- lovern- mental	 Totals
General Fund	\$	-	\$	11,058	\$ 11,058
Major Street Fund	•	-	•	5,158	5,158
Local Street Fund				748	 748
Total governmental activities	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	16,964	\$ 16,964
Business-type activities: Sewer Fund	\$	1,875	\$		\$ 1,875

All receivables are due within one year and are considered fully collectible.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	Beginning balance		Increases		Decreases			Ending palance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	386,383	\$	-	\$	-	\$	386,383
Equipment		38,334		-		-		38,334
Vehicles		27,214	_	-				27,214
Subtotal		451,931					_	451,931
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		132,119		6,863		-		138,982
Equipment		31,051		1,519		-		32,570
Vehicles		27,214	_				_	27,214
Subtotal		190,384		8,382				198,766
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	261,547	<u>\$</u>	(8,382)	<u>\$</u>		\$	253,165
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Sewer system	\$	469,447	\$	-	\$	-	\$	469,447
Buildings		31,684		-		-		31,684
Equipment	_	42,468		<u>-</u>				42,468
Subtotal		543,599	_					543,599
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Sewer system		438,594		803		-		439,397
Buildings		22,971		792		-		23,763
Equipment		33,974	_	4,247			_	38,221
Subtotal		495,539	_	5,842				501,381
Total business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	48,060	<u>\$</u>	(5,842)	\$		<u>\$</u>	42,218

Village of Casnovia NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued):

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government \$ 6,658
Public works 1,724

Total governmental activities \$ 8,382

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES:

At June 30, 2005, the composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Fund	<i>Re</i>	ceivable	Fund	 ayable
Equipment Fund	\$	7,625	Major Streets Local Streets	\$ 6,100 1,525
			Total	\$ 7,625

The amounts due to the Equipment Fund represent amounts due for equipment rentals.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, and employee medical claims. The risks of loss arising from general liability up to \$2,000,000, property losses, workers' compensation, and employee medical costs are managed through purchased commercial insurance. For all risks of loss, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage provided in prior years. Also, in the past three years, settlements did not exceed insurance coverage.

NOTE 8 - CONSTRUCTION CODE ACT:

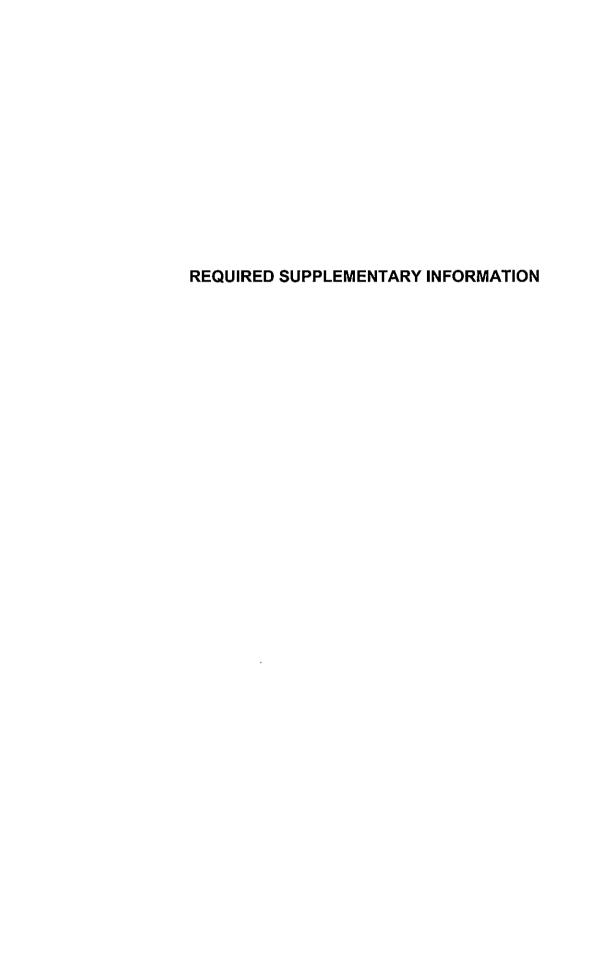
A summary of construction code enforcement transactions for the year ended June 30, 2005, follows:

Revenues	\$	1,716
Expenses	——	(5,404)
Deficiency of revenues over expenses	\$	(3,688)

NOTE 9 - CORRECTION OF ERROR

Effective July 1, 2004, the Village adopted the financial reporting model required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*. Implementation of this statement was required July 1, 2003. In connection with the adoption of this statement, the following adjustments to beginning net assets have been made to reflect the cumulative effect of this accounting change:

Net assets, as previously reported	\$	73,792
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		254,264
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of equipment management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.		34,499
Net assets, as restated	<u>\$</u>	362,555



Village of Casnovia BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - General Fund

DEVENUES	Original budget	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)
REVENUES	A 40 505	40.505	0 40 400	Ф 7.007
Property taxes	\$ 40,525	\$ 40,525	\$ 48,132	\$ 7,607
Licenses and permits	1,373	1,373	2,977	1,604
State grants	35,000	35,000	28,754	(6,246)
Interest and rentals	2,100	2,100	3,104	1,004
Other	400	400	2,129	1,729
Total revenues	79,398	79,398	85,096	5,698
EXPENDITURES				
Legislative	7,000	11,600	11,097	503
General government:				
Professional fees	4,800	6,900	9,043	(2,143)
Clerk	5,500	5,500	5,328	172
Treasurer	5,500	5,500	5,328	172
Buildings and grounds	16,500	18,300	15,578	2,722
Insurance	8,000	8,200	8,130	70
General administration	1,500	1,500	3,681	(2,181)
Total general government	41,800	45,900	47,088	(1,188)
Public safety:				
Inspections	500	5,000	5,404	(404)
Fire protection	6,000	6,000	5,523	477
Total public safety	6,500	11,000	10,927	73
Public works:				
Street lighting	6,000	6,000	5,905	95
Sanitation	12,000	12,000	10,314	1,686
Total public works	18,000	18,000	16,219	1,781
Total expenditures	73,300	86,500	85,331	1,169
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	6,098	(7,102)	(235)	6,867
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	50,702	50,702	50,702	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 56,800	\$ 43,600	\$ 50,467	\$ 6,867

Village of Casnovia BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - Major Street Fund

	Original budget	Amended budget	Actual	Variance favorable (unfavorable)	
REVENUES					
State grants	\$ 32,000	\$ 32,000	\$ 32,035	\$ 35	
Interest income	100	100	62	(38)	
Total revenues	32,100	32,100	32,097	(3)	
EXPENDITURE\$					
Public works:	40.000	40.000	40.400	(4.400)	
Preservation	18,000	18,000	19,190	(1,190)	
Traffic services	1,000	1,200	848 5 60 7	352 3.503	
Winter maintenance	8,500	9,200	5,607	3,593	
Administration	1,800	1,800	1,332	468	
Total expenditures	29,300	30,200	26,977	3,223	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,800	1,900	5,120	3,220	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	18,983	18,983	18,983	<u> </u>	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 21,783	\$ 20,883	\$ 24,103	\$ 3,220	